

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY: SUNDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 30, 1860.

VOLUME XVII.

NUMBER 66.

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

## CAUTION.

## SPURIOUS AMERICAN WATCHES.

We are credibly informed that some of the Jewels of Louisville and other places are selling counterfeit and imitation American Watches for the goods article mentioned. We advise our readers to be on their guard against such a foreign imitation of our watch, named P. & R. Hart, which is represented to be manufactured in Hart, Conn. It may be of service to the public to be informed that there is no manufacturer of watches in that place. The genuine article of one of our watches named P. & R. HART, WATCHES, MANS, and all our watches of every grade are marked "Hartford, Conn."

It is highly necessary to state that such watches are like ours in form, and are made upon the same old system that has already been exposed by the country with which we are connected, and a complete system of evasion, but really nothing to the owners, and when bought for punts are calculated to injure the high reputation which our watches have attained. We therefore caution the public against buying our watches from any person who cannot furnish a certificate of genuineness for every watch offered for sale, bearing the number of the sign and the name of the manufacturer of the Company, R. E. Robbins. We also beg to inform those who deal in the spurious article, that legal process will be taken against them, and, upon any well-authenticated instance of their selling a counterfeit or colored imitation of any of our products.

For the American Watch Co.

ROBBINS & APPLETON, Agents,

182 BROADWAY.

"There is no use Talking."

Young Men will be well and reckless, but if, by chance, they happen to find their way to this should not be a time for them to be in a hurry to get away in a very short time. Bad advertisement in another column headed "LOUISVILLE PRIVATE MEDICAL SURGEON."

## The Great English Remedy.

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S

Celebrated Female Pills.

This invaluable medicine is uniting in the care of all those painful and dangerous diseases incident to the female constitution.

It removes all obstructions and removes all obstructions from whatever cause, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

To Married Ladies

It is peculiarly suited to be used, in a short time, before on the monthly period with regularity.

## Daily Democrat.

Printed and Published by  
HARNEY, HUGHES & CO.

Office, East Side Third Street, between  
Mark and Jefferson.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NATION-  
AL NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT:  
STEPHEN ARNOLD DOUGLASS,  
OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:  
HERSHEL J. JOHNSON,  
OF GEORGIA.

Democratic Electoral Ticket.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE:  
HON. JOHN C. MANN, of Barb-

er, H. C. COOPER, of New York,

W. H. HARRIS, of Boston,

W. H. COOPER, of Philadelphia,

W. H. COOPER, of New York,

# Daily Democrat

Printed and Published by HARVEY HUGHES & CO.

Office: One Suite Third Street, between Market and Jefferson.

Louisville, Ky.

SUNDAY MORNING — SEPT. 26, 1860.

GREAT SPEECH OF JUDGE DOUGLAS!



MONSTER MEETING  
OF THE  
CAMPAIGN  
IN THE SOUTHERN  
DOUGLAS AT LOUISVILLE!

30,000 DEMOCRATS  
IN COUNCIL!

IRRESISTIBLE ENTHUSIASM  
OF THE PEOPLE.

AN IRRESISTIBLE BATTALION OF  
MAIDENS & MATRONES!

A Wilderness of Voters

A Magnificent Display!

ON

COUNCIL

KENTUCKY IS STILL DEMOCRATIC!

A Brilliant Oration to the Little  
Giant, &c., &c., &c.

Judge Douglas was met at the Jeffersonville depot by the Committee on Reception, and the State Central Committee. An immense crowd was present, and evinced the utmost enthusiasm. He was cheered in the heartiest style, and all along the route from the depot to the levee was thronged by thousands of people who seemed mad to see the great statesman of Illinois.

At the depot Mr. Douglas entered an open carriage, drawn by four splendid bay horses, and was followed by the Committees in carriages.

Each band led the cortège, and various banners with appropriate mottoes and inscriptions enlivened the scene of humanity that surged through the street.

The procession embarked on board the Isaac Bowden, the cannon on the Louisville levee meanwhile thundering tones of welcome to Old Kentucky.

On the levee, at the ferry landing, full 30,000 Democrats were in waiting, and songs of carriages filled with ladies awaited the coming of the man of the nation. Notwithstanding the unexpected early arrival of the train, preventing the attendance of thousands of people who would otherwise have been present to witness the debauch of the Little Giant, there was an entire absence.

It was with some difficulty that the cortège could force its way up the levee through the dense mass of people. But a way soon clear, the procession proceeded up Second street to Main street. At the junction of these two avenues a splendid enigma was suspended. It bore the names of Douglas and Johnson—the broad pennant of nationality was flung to the breeze, and beckoned welcome to the representative of the nation.

The cortège proceeded down Main street, which was a sea of heads for squares, and the crowd followed and crowded about the carriage containing the great Senator.

The windows of every building were filled with the faces of lovely women, who waved their white emblems of peace and cordial greeting. Slowly the procession approached the Louisville Hotel. Alighting, he was immediately conducted to his rooms upon the second floor. The crowd filled the broad street in front of the hotel, busily calling for Mr. Douglas, and alternately cheering him. The distinguished Senator retired to his private room, and Ex-Governor Wickliffe, from the balcony of the hotel, told the immense concourse that Mr. Douglas would speak at Peacock's, in a few appropriate sentences. The majority of the crowd at once started for the scene of the oration. But hundreds still remained to accompany the Senator to the woods.

After dining with members of the committee and some other personal friends, at half past two o'clock, he entered the barroom, in which he came to the hotel, and proceeded, under the escort of the committee, in carriages, preceded by Haup's band and flags, up Sixth street to Broadway, and so to Peacock's Woods. The houses on the street were thronged with the beautiful and noblest women of Kentucky, and many were expressions of admiration on all hands of the brilliant cavalcade.

In the meantime, the people thronged Peacock's Woods by thousands. For two hours the people continued to gather, and when Senator Douglas alighted from the doors of the assembly house he could hardly restrain the crowd, to which he was lured by the willing hands of his friends, when he last reached it.

Cheers soon cheered great Mr. Douglas' arrival. Shouts of applause resounded through the noble grove when the Little Giant took the platform, where were assembled the State Central Committee and the Committee of Reception and Arrangement, with the following distinguished gentlemen: Ex-Gov. Wickliffe, Mr. Cutson, of Mississippi, and a number of the State and District Electors.

James Speed, Esq., extended a welcome to Kentucky to Mr. Douglas in the following special speech:

“Sir: At the organ of the citizens of Kentucky, I call you to you. You are known to many of us, as a gentleman and a citizen of the United States, we respect you. But, sir, this great confluence of people, assembled on the border of our State, has not come to greet you because of mere personal regard. They look upon you, sir, as the representative of a great principle, a principle of non-interference, of the right of self-government, of the right of liberty and the perpetuity of our confederation. In your past life, sir, you have shown that you have an earnest and true faith in the principles of non-interference, and that you have a temperance to a temperance, you have ever remained to what you regard your country's good.”

But, sir, especially do we welcome you to this State, because lately, and at the peril of your personal advancement, you have declared that you would not, because an opposing party might come into power, abdicate the government or compromise treason.”

As a lover of the law and the constitution of these three States—as a lover of our country and our whole country, we give to you a hearty welcome, sir.”

At the conclusion of Mr. Speed's address, Mr. John E. Cochran, after a few brief and eloquent sentiments, introduced Mr. Douglas to the vast audience, which for several minutes cheered so enthusiastically that the united volume was absolutely deafening. The crowd could not have been less than 50,000, and the scene was then

and made a splendid speech, which was frequently and vehemently applauded.

## THE SPEECH.

Mr. Douglas said:—  
Gentlemen—My highest ambition will be fully gratified if I can prove by my public and private life that I have done all that I can have pronounced upon me. [Huzzah for Douglas.] It is true that my entire public life—all the energies, all the capacity, all the time, all the money, all the effort, all the sacrifice, under the Constitution, as our fathers made it. [Cheers.] I regard this complex system of government as the richest in the world, and the most perfect, the most enlightened and free people. Strange it is, that in the midst of abundance, blessed with a prosperity never equalled by any other people on earth, we are not more happy and grateful for the priviliges we enjoy.”

We cannot conceal from ourselves the lamentable fact that there is discord and strife between the Northern and Southern States, and, especially, all the afflictions of the North have been alienated from the South, and the afflictions of the South have been alienated from the North. The only way to subdue this is, how, shall we preserve our liberties under the Constitution as our fathers made it. [Good.]

Let us first inquire, what are the causes of this discord? and the second cause? If you will carefully examine the history of this controversy you will find that all of this alienation of feeling is due to the attempt of the Federal Government to interfere with the domestic affairs of the people. The Federal Government was created for federal and national purposes only, and not to interfere in the number and distinctly specified in the Constitution. They are all federal and national, in their character. For instance, the Federal Government may regulate commerce, may declare war, may make peace, may declare war, may make peace, may raise armies, may establish navies, and in short, may do all that is necessary to maintain the safety of the country, without interfering with the domestic affairs of the people. On the other hand, Congress has no right, under the Constitution, to interfere in the number and between husband and wife, parent and child, guardian and ward; master and servant, or any other master which is domestic and slave. The Federal Government has no right to interfere in the number and between the Northern and Southern States, and, especially, all the afflictions of the North have been alienated from the South, and the afflictions of the South have been alienated from the North. The only way to subdue this is, how, shall we preserve our liberties under the Constitution as our fathers made it. [Good.]

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